



March 5, 2021

## **Baker Market Update: Week in Review**

It was clear from his remarks yesterday that Jerome Powell feels even more like he does now than he did before. Yes, that makes about as much sense as the bond market selling off because it fears inflation and then selling off some more because the Fed doesn't. In his speech given to a Wall Street Journal- sponsored Jobs Summit, Chairman Powell reaffirmed his intention to keep doing what he's been doing until it's time to do something else. As he has said many, many times, it will not be time to do something else until he's convinced that employment has reached its maximum and inflation gets to 2% or higher with the likelihood that it will stay at 2% or higher for a while. Nevertheless, investors disappointed that Jerome hasn't displayed the same hair-on-fire panic that they have, kneejerked the Ten-Year's yield clear up past 1.50%. Maybe those investors are forgetting that Mr. Powell was around when the Prime Rate was 20% and 1.50% on the Ten-Year may not seem all that frightening. Unless, of course, those investors are investing borrowed money and have become used to paying nothing for it.

Jerome also knows, and has said, transitory inflation will probably start showing up soon, as vaccinations and re-openings kick in. The Chairman also knows that evolving base levels of year-over-year measurements will make it look worse than it really is and also that current price-spiking supply shortages will get worked out. Inflation requires demand; sustained and growing demand. The American economy is still 9.5M jobs shy of the full employment it enjoyed before the American government shut it down, and until Jerome can find jobs for those people, aggregate demand is unlikely to grow enough to produce the sustained growth in the rate of price-level changes that defines inflation. It's the fate of those people out of work and the effect that their unemployed condition has on the economy that worries Jerome; not 1.50% on the Ten-Year.

No doubt, this morning's February Jobs Report from the BLS is what Jerome was reading with his coffee and was probably pleased to see that the 379k gain in Non-farm Payrolls exceeded the estimate of 200k while net revisions for the past two months added another 38k. He was also probably glad to see that the Unemployment Rate managed to dip one-tenth to 6.2% without the aid of a falling Labor Force Participation Rate that managed to remain unchanged at 61.4%. Average Hourly Earnings achieved its expected monthly rise of 0.2% and the year-over-year growth rate remained unchanged at 5.3%. But, Average Weekly Hours fell 0.3 to 34.6 and that is a little disconcerting. Leisure and Hospitality was the sector that gained the most jobs with a rise of 355k while Construction lost 61k and Government lost 86k. Manufacturing added 21k with Retail Trade contributing another 41k. The Chairman's perceived insouciance toward inflation and higher yields has left the Treasury market trying to figure out how this strong Jobs Report figures into things as it initially sold off only to rally back before selling off again right before embarking upon its present rally. Sounds about right.

On Monday, a report issued by Markit U.S. about its Manufacturing PMI for February sounded about right when it came in at 58.6 and that was one-tenth better than both the January reading and the estimate for last month. The Institute of Supply Management followed that up with its own Manufacturing PMI and it did even better with a rise to 60.8 from 58.7 and also beat estimates looking for 58.9. The Employment sub-index rose to 54.4 from 52.6 and that was more unexpected good news. The Census Bureau made another positive contribution when it reported that Construction Spending more than doubled the expected January rise of 0.8% by coming in at 1.7%.

Tuesday's only data point was a report from Wards Automotive Group describing Total Vehicle Sales in February and it was a little disappointing. January's annualized pace of 16.63M was expected to slip a little to 16M but instead slipped a lot to 15.67M. That's just the second reading under 16M since last August.

Wednesday started early with a report from the Mortgage Bankers Association that Mortgage Applications rose 0.5% for the week ending February 26th and while that was pretty dismal, it was much better than the prior week's slide of 11.4%. The February ADP Private Payroll Employment Change Report was then released showing a gain of 117k and that was a disappointment for the analysts expecting 205k. But that's all forgotten after today's Jobs Report. Markit U.S. then reported that its PMI for Services rose unexpectedly to 59.8 from 58.9 against an expectation of no change. More good news. But, the ISM then rained on that with its own Services PMI depicting a February plummet to 55.3 from 58.7, where it was supposed to have remained.

More labor-related news came our way Thursday starting with a report from Challenger, Gray, and Christmas telling us that Job Cuts in February fell 39.1% year-over-year and that's much better news than January's twelve-month growth of 17.4%. The BLS also released its weekly Jobless Claims count and for the week ending February 27th, Initial Claims totaled 745k and that was up from the prior week's upwardly revised 736k, but less than the expected 750k. Continuing Claims for the week ending February 20th fell to 4.3M and that was about what was expected. It was also a slight dip from the prior week's 4.42M. Also from the BLS, Q4 averages for Nonfarm Productivity and Unit Labor Costs were reported, but their relevance is pretty iffy in light of the lockdown's distortions. For the record, Nonfarm Productivity fell 4.2% in the last quarter of last year while Unit Labor Costs rose 6%. If these measures were for any quarter of any year that was not 2020, they would indeed be alarming, but they're not. They're also way old.

Also on Thursday, the Census Bureau issued finalized, January reports for Factory Orders, Durable Goods Orders, and core Capital Goods Orders. There were a few changes. The previously reported 1.6% growth in Factory Orders became 2.6% while the growth in Durable Goods Orders remained the same at 3.4%. Core Capital Goods Orders came in with growth of 0.4% in a slight comedown from the expected 0.5%.

Besides this morning's Jobs Report, we learned from the Census Bureau that the nation's Trade Imbalance grew more negative in January with a move to minus \$68.2B from a revised \$67B. It was supposed to narrow a bit to \$67.5B. This afternoon, the Federal Reserve is expected to report that Consumer Credit grew by \$12B in January after December's addition of \$9.73B.

This week's volatility in both equity and credit markets belies the underlying tone of what was mostly positive economic measurements. Maybe things will settle down once people stop whining about the Fed not coming in to save the day when it doesn't need saving. They can stop whining about Dr. Seuss while they're at it. Have a great weekend; be careful out there.

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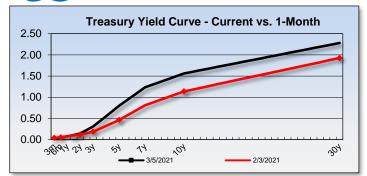


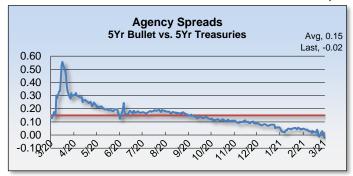
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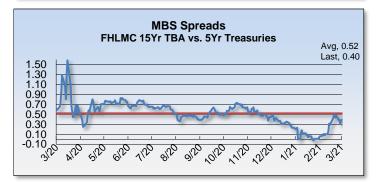


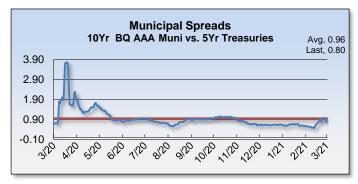


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4.50

Treasury Market Historical						Fixed Rate Market										
Maty	Current	1Wk		Historical	1	Maty	N-Call	US	AAA B	Q Muni	Tax			Agency	Calls - Eu	ro
Maty	Current	Change	1 Mo	6 Mo	1 Yr	/AL	Agency	Swap	C-Corp <sup>2</sup>	S-Corp <sup>3</sup>	Muni	Mty	3Мо	6mo	1Yr	2Yr
3mo	0.03	(0.01)	0.03	0.11	0.62	2yr	0.19	0.25	0.18	0.19	0.26	2Yr	0.06	0.06	0.06	-
6mo	0.06	0.01	0.04	0.12	0.53	3yr	0.35	0.44	0.36	0.39	0.48	3Yr	0.23	0.24	0.20	0.23
1yr	0.08	0.01	0.06	0.12	0.49	5yr	0.86	0.91	0.70	0.75	0.93	5Yr	0.81	0.81	0.80	0.74
2yr	0.14	0.01	0.10	0.14	0.60	7yr	1.25	1.28	1.08	1.15	1.43	7Yr	1.24	1.27	1.28	1.19
3yr	0.31	0.03	0.18	0.18	0.63	10yr	1.72	1.62	1.57	1.67	1.92	10Yr	1.62	1.68	1.67	1.60
5yr	0.80	0.07	0.46	0.30	0.68	15yr	2.18	1.88	1.92	2.04	2.30			April T	BA MBS	
7yr	1.24	0.11	0.82	0.50	0.82	20yr	2.64	1.97	2.20	2.34	2.92	Cpn	<b>15Yr</b> -Y	ld/AL	<b>30Yr</b> -Y	ld/AL
10yr	1.56	0.15	1.17	0.72	0.91	25yr	3.10	2.01	2.34	2.49	2.97	2.00	1.22	4.4y	1.92	
30yr	2.28	0.13	1.97	1.47	1.54	30yr		2.02	2.48	2.64	3.02	2.50	0.95	3.0y		
* Interpola	* Interpolated									3.00	1.04	3.0y	1.53	3.3y		
												3.50	0.88	2.6y	1.20	2.8y
Key Market Indices									4.00			1.06	2.7y			

Key Market Indices								
		1Wk	Historical					
Index	Current	Change	1 Mo	6 Mo	1 Yr			
Fed Funds	0.25		0.25	0.25	1.25			
Primary Discount	0.25		0.25	0.25	1.75			
2ndary Discount	0.75		0.75	0.75	2.25			
Prime Rate	3.25		3.25	3.25	4.25			
Sec. O.N. Finance	0.02	(0.01)	0.05	0.09				
1 Month LIBOR	0.10	(0.01)	0.12	0.15	1.02			
3 Month LIBOR	0.18	(0.02)	0.19	0.25	1.00			
6 Month LIBOR	0.20	0.00	0.22	0.29	0.99			
1 Year LIBOR	0.28	0.00	0.31	0.42	0.97			
6 Month CD	0.23	(0.02)	0.12	0.32	1.00			
1 Year CMT	0.08	(0.01)	0.07	0.13	0.59			
REPO O/N	0.05	(0.04)	0.06	0.14	1.12			
REPO 1Wk	0.07	0.01	0.11	0.08	1.10			
CoF Federal	0.911		0.925	1.107	1.914			
11th D. CoF (Jan)	0.457		0.460	0.653	0.984			

FHLB Fixed Advance Rates								
Maturity	Chicago	Boston	Topeka					
3mo	0.23	0.33	0.27					
6mo	0.24	0.33	0.28					
1yr	0.30	0.31	0.31					
2yr	0.35	0.51	0.37					
3yr	0.52	0.70	0.56					
4yr	0.79	0.98	0.84					
5yr	1.00	1.21	1.05					
7yr	1.45	1.69	1.51					
10yr	1.85	2.12	1.92					
5yr Am	0.65		0.78					
10yr Am	1.35		1.45					
	•							

Fed Fund	d Futures
Maturity	Rate
Mar-21	0.067
Apr-21	0.070
May-21	0.085
Jun-21	0.080
Jul-21	0.080
Aug-21	0.080
Sep-21	0.085
Oct-21	0.085
Nov-21	0.090
Dec-21	0.090
Jan-22	0.085

0.86

2.6y

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This Week & Next           Date         Release         Per.         Est.         Actual           3/1         Markit US Manufacturing PMI         Feb F         58.5         58.           3/1         Construction Spending MoM         Jan         0.8%         1.7%           3/1         ISM Manufacturing         Feb         58.9         60.           3/1         ISM Prices Paid         Feb         80.0         86.	6 1.0% 8 58.7 0 82.1 8 61.1 4 52.6 6 -11.4% k 174k	1.1%   
3/1       Markit US Manufacturing PMI       Feb F       58.5       58.         3/1       Construction Spending MoM       Jan       0.8%       1.7%         3/1       ISM Manufacturing       Feb       58.9       60.	6 58.5 6 1.0% 8 58.7 0 82.1 8 61.1 4 52.6 6 -11.4% k 174k	1.1%  
3/1 Construction Spending MoM Jan 0.8% 1.7% 3/1 ISM Manufacturing Feb 58.9 60.	6 1.0% 8 58.7 0 82.1 8 61.1 4 52.6 6 -11.4% k 174k	1.1%   
3/1 ISM Manufacturing Feb 58.9 60.	8 58.7 0 82.1 8 61.1 4 52.6 6 -11.4% k <del>174k</del>	
5/1 Ion Manuacturing	0 82.1 8 61.1 4 52.6 6 -11.4% k <del>174k</del>	
2 /1 ISM Briggs Baid Eat 80.0 86	8 61.1 4 52.6 % -11.4% k <del>174k</del>	
3/1 ISM Prices Paid Feb 80.0 86.	4 52.6 % -11.4% k <del>174k</del>	
3/1 ISM New Orders Feb 60.0 64.	% -11.4% k <del>174k</del>	
3/1 ISM Employment Feb 54.	k <del>174k</del>	
3/3 MBA Mortgage Applications 2/26 0.5%		
3/3 ADP Employment Change Feb 205k 117		195k
3/3 Markit US Services PMI Feb F 58.9 59.	8 58.9	
3/3 Markit US Composite PMI Feb F 59.	5 58.8	
3/3 ISM Services Index Feb 58.7 55.	3 58.7	
3/4 Challenger Job Cuts YoY Feb39.1%	6 17.4%	
3/4 Nonfarm Productivity 4Q F -4.7% -4.2%	-4.8%	
3/4 Unit Labor Costs 4Q F 6.6% 6.0%	6.8%	
3/4 Initial Jobless Claims 2/27 750k 745	k <del>730k</del>	736k
3/4 Continuing Claims 2/20 4300k 4295	k 4419k	
3/4 Langer Consumer Comfort 2/28 48.	9 47.3	
3/4 Factory Orders Ex Trans Jan 1.7%	% <del>1.4%</del>	1.9%
3/4 Durables Ex Transportation Jan F 1.4% 1.3%	6 1.4%	
3/4 Cap Goods Ship Nondef Ex Air Jan F 1.8%	6 2.1%	
3/5 Two-Month Payroll Net Revision Feb 38	k	
3/5 Change in Nonfarm Payrolls Feb 200k 379	k 49k	166k
3/5 Change in Private Payrolls Feb 200k 465	k 6k	
3/5 Change in Manufact. Payrolls Feb 15k 21	k <del>-10k</del>	-14k
3/5 Unemployment Rate Feb 6.3% 6.29	6.3%	
3/5 Average Hourly Earnings MoM Feb 0.2% 0.2%	% <del>0.2%</del>	0.1%
3/5 Average Hourly Earnings YoY Feb 5.3% 5.3%	6 <del>5.4%</del>	5.3%
3/5 Average Weekly Hours All Employees Feb 35 3	5 35	35
3/5 Labor Force Participation Rate Feb 61.4% 61.4%	61.4%	
3/5 Underemployment Rate Feb 11.1%	6 11.1%	
3/5 Trade Balance Jan -\$67.5b -\$68.2		
and and	- \$9.734b	
o, a	95.0	
4 = 0 /	- 1.4%	
5,10	- 1.4%	
of the order and medgy 101	- 261.58	
	270.03	
3/10 Real Avg Weekly Earnings YoY Feb	- 6.1%	
	- 4.0%	
	\$162.8b	
lava labarania di la	- 6646	
	- 1.7%	
	2.0%	
8, 1	2.0%	
	76.8	
- (	0.40	
3/12 U. of Mich. 1 Yr Inflation Mar P	- 86.2	

MBS Prepayments <sup>4</sup>									
3-Month CPR									
Type	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5			
FN 10y	16.0	25.5	26.8	28.0	29.2	28.0			
FH/FN 15y	15.5	35.6	41.3	44.5	22.5	22.1			
GN 15y	18.3	17.9	18.9	19.8	19.0	19.3			
FH/FN 20y	55.4	33.7	33.7	31.8	29.7	23.8			
FH/FN 30y	4.6	22.8	57.3	56.2	55.2	51.9			
GN 30y	10.3	18.5	41.9	50.8	43.1	28.0			
		(	CPR Pr	ojection	.s				
Type	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5			
FN 10y	13.5	16.8	16.8	20.9	17.8	15.5			
FH/FN 15y	13.6	20.8	22.3	30.4	19.0	21.6			
GN 15y	17.9	14.9	15.0	14.3	13.5	13.2			
FH/FN 20y	10.1	18.6	20.3	27.1	20.0	17.8			
FH/FN 30y	8.7	14.7	28.2	31.4	32.4	30.9			
GN 30y	9.5	14.0	20.9	20.6	30.4	22.7			

Other Markets								
	1Wk		Historical					
Index	Current	Chng	1 Mo	6 Mo	1 Yr			
Currencies								
Japanese Yen	108.24	1.67	105.39	106.27	106.16			
Euro	1.19	(0.02)	1.20	1.18	1.12			
Dollar Index	92.02	1.14	91.04	92.72	96.82			
Major Stock	Indices							
Dow Jones	30,822	(111)	31,148	28,133	26,121			
S&P 500	3,750.5	(60.6)	3,886.8	3,427.0	3,023.9			
NASDAQ	12,428.6	(764)	13,856.3	11,313.1	8,738.6			
Commoditi	es							
Gold	1,694.4	(34.4)	1,810.9	1,926.2	1,668.0			
Crude Oil	65.51	4.01	56.85	39.77	45.90			
Natural Gas	2.70	(0.07)	2.86	2.59	1.77			
Wheat	651.0	-4.0	641.3	539.8	524.3			
Corn	554.0	-1.5	548.5	347.3	384.5			

## Notes

- 1 Call Agy = Maturity at left w/ a 1-Year Call at Par
- 2 Muni TEY (21% Fed, 0.75% CoF)
- 3 S-Corp TEY Muni (29.6%, no TEFERA)
- 4 MBS Prepayments are provided by Bloomberg

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